PLACE OF DEATH County		MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEAL BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH					LTH
Township		Registration Distr	rict No	7 <u>91</u> File	_{No.} 377	§ 4	
or Village	<u>,</u>	Primary Registrat	tion District No	ഹമ	istered No	995 5	4
City FULL NA	nis MEJohar	. <u>2413</u> ma Q	7019 Šiekm	ann	Ward)	[If death occurre hospital or inst give its NAME of street and num	itution, instead
PERSONAL A	NO STATISTICAL PAI	RTICULARS	/ M:	EDICAL CERTIFI	CATE OF DE	ATH	
Timale 2	R OR RACE SINGLE MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVOR (Write the	ced manuea	DATE OF DEATH	Novem 1	Les 2 i	3 , 1 (Day) (91 Year)
DATE OF BIRTH	Sept.	11 , 1866 (Day), 1866	- Jairy	EBY CERTIFY,	to Annu	les 23, 19	fron
AGE 4	6 2 1	If LESS that I day,hrs	''[occurred, on the			1.Z ø m
OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, o particular kind of wor (b) General nature of ini business, or establishme which employed (or en	lustry,	work	The CAUSE OF	DEATH* was a	s follows:	- (4	 Om.
BIRTHPLACE (City or town," State or foreign country)	StLows	Ü		(Duration)		mos	ds
NAME OF Ser	hardtell	assing	Contributor (SECONDARY)	(Duration)	yrs	mos	de
BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER City or town, State or	foreign country) Lun	many.	(Signed)		Edw	Song	м. р.
MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER	Germina	ahren	*State the Diseas			m Violent Causes,	state
BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or	foreign country)	many	LENGTH OF RESII RECENT RESIDENTS) At place	DENCE (FOR HOSE	ITALS, INSTITUT	IONS, TRANSIENT	B, OR
THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO	THE BEST OF MY KNO	OWLEDGE	of deathyrs Where was disease if not at place of Former or	contracted	Stateyrs	mos	ds.
(ADDRESS) 2	413 70 1	9.0	PLACE OF BURIA			E OF BURIAL	
			1 3.22.2.2.	Contain		or.261	

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation .-- Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman. (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager." "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.). For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

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Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OF HOMI-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)